

# Ascorbate Oxidase Microplate Assay Kit

# Catalog # AS0051

Detection and Quantification of Ascorbate Oxidase Activity in Tissue extracts, Cell lysate Samples.

This instruction must be read in its entirety before using this product.

For research use only, Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Contact information:

Tel:+1 (301) 446-2499 Fax:+1 (301) 446-2413

Email:techcn@signalwayantibody.com Web:www.sabbiotech.com



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#### I. INTRODUCTION

Ascorbate oxidase (AAO) is an apoplastic enzyme involved in metabolism of plant ascorbate (AA). Ascorbate (AA) plays a key role in defense against oxidative stress and is particularly abundant in photosynthetic tissues. Over 90% of the ascorbate is localized in the cytoplasm, but a substantial proportion is exported to the apoplast. The assay is initiated with the enzymatic oxidation of AsA by AAO. AsA can be measured at a colorimetric readout at 265 nm.



# **II.KIT COMPONENTS**

Component	Volume	Storage
96-Well UV Microplate	1 plate	
Assay Buffer	30 mlx 4	4 °C
Reaction Buffer	20 mlx 1	4 °C
Substrate	Powder x 1	-20 °C
Technical Manual	1 Manual	

Note:

Substrate: add 1 ml Reaction Bufferto dissolve before use.

### III. MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- 1. Microplate reader to read absorbance at 265 nm
- 2. Distilled water
- 3. Pipettor
- 4. Pipette tips
- 5. Mortar
- 6. Centrifuge
- 7. Timer
- 8. Ice



#### IV. SAMPLE PREPARATION

#### 1.For cell and bacteria samples

Collect cell or bacteria into centrifuge tube, discard the supernatant after centrifugation, add 1 mlAssay buffer for  $5 \times 10^6$  cell or bacteria, sonicate (with power 20%, sonication 3s, intervation 10s,repeat 30 times); centrifuged at 16000g 4°C for 10minutes, take the supernatant into a new centrifuge tube and keep it on ice for detection.

#### 2.For tissue samples

Weighout 0.1 g tissue, homogenize with 1 mlAssay buffer on ice, centrifuged at 16000g 4°C for 10minutes, take the supernatant into a new centrifuge tube and keep it on ice for detection.



#### V. ASSAY PROCEDURE

Warm the Reaction Buffer to room temperature before use.

Add following reagents into the microplate:

Reagent	Sample	Blank
Sample	10 μΙ	
Distilled water		10 μΙ
Reaction Buffer	180 μΙ	180 μΙ
Substrate	10 μΙ	10 μΙ

Mix,measured at 265 nm and recordthe absorbance of 20thsecond and 140th second.



#### VI. CALCULATION

Unit Definition:One unit of AAO is the amount of enzyme that will oxidize  $1\mu$ molAsA per minute.

1. According to the protein concentration of sample

AAO (U/mg) =[(OD<sub>Sample(140S)</sub>-OD<sub>Sample(20S)</sub>) -(OD<sub>Blank(140S)</sub>-OD<sub>Blank(20S)</sub>)]/ (
$$\epsilon \times d$$
)×V<sub>Total</sub>× 10<sup>6</sup>/
(V<sub>Sample</sub>×C<sub>Protein</sub>) / T

$$= 0.308 \times [(OD_{Sample(140S)} - OD_{Sample(20S)}) - (OD_{Blank(140S)} - OD_{Blank(20S)})] / C_{Protein}$$

2. According to the weight of sample

AAO (U/g) = [(OD<sub>Sample(140S)</sub> -OD<sub>Sample(20S)</sub>) - (OD<sub>Blank(140S)</sub> -OD<sub>Blank(20S)</sub>)] / (
$$\epsilon \times d$$
)×V<sub>Total</sub>× 
$$10^{6}/(W \times V_{Sample} / V_{Asaay}) / T$$

= 
$$0.308 \times [(OD_{Sample(140S)} - OD_{Sample(20S)}) - (OD_{Blank(140S)} - OD_{Blank(20S)})]/W$$

3. According to the quantity of cells or bacteria

AAO (U/10<sup>4</sup>)=[(OD<sub>Sample(140S)</sub> -OD<sub>Sample(20S)</sub>) - (OD<sub>Blank(140S)</sub> -OD<sub>Blank (20S)</sub>)] / (
$$\epsilon \times d$$
)×V<sub>Total</sub>× 10<sup>6</sup>/ (N× V<sub>Sample</sub> / V<sub>Assav</sub>) / T

= 
$$0.308 \times [(OD_{Sample(140S)} - OD_{Sample(20S)}) - (OD_{Blank(140S)} - OD_{Blank(20S)})] / N$$

ε: molar extinction coefficient,5.42× 10<sup>4</sup>L/mol/cm;

d: the optical path of 96-Well microplate, 0.6 cm;

C<sub>Protein</sub>: the protein concentration, mg/ml;

W: the weight of sample, g;

N: the quantity of cell or bacteria, N ×10<sup>4</sup>;

V<sub>Total</sub>: the total volume of the enzymatic reaction, 0.2 ml;

V<sub>Sample</sub>: the volume of sample, 0.01 ml;

V<sub>Assay</sub>: the volume of Assay buffer, 1 ml;

T: the reaction time, 2 minutes.



# VII. TECHNICAL SUPPORT

For troubleshooting, information or assistance, please go online to www.sabbiotech.cn or contact us at techcn@signalwayantibody.com

VIII. NOTES