

Citrate Microplate Assay Kit

Catalog # AS0069

Detection and Quantification of Citrate Content in Urine, Serum, Plasma, Tissue extracts, Cell lysate, Cell culture media and Other biological fluids Samples.

This instruction must be read in its entirety before using this product.

For research use only, Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Contact information:

Tel:+1 (301) 446-2499 Fax:+1 (301) 446-2413

Email:techcn@signalwayantibody.com Web:www.sabbiotech.com



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I. INTRODUCTION

Citrate is a key tricarboxylic acid (TCA) cycle intermediate formed by the addition of oxaloacetate to the acetyl group of acetyl-CoA. Citrate is transported out of the mitochondria via the citrate-malate shuttle and converted back to acetyl-CoA for fatty acid synthesis. Citrate is an allosteric modulator of both fatty acid synthesis via its actions on acetyl-CoA carboxylase and of glycolysis via its actions on phosphofructokinase. Citrate metabolism and disposition can vary widely due to sex, age, and a variety of other factors including disease states. Cellular citrate levels are decreased in prostrate cancer cells and citrate levels may be a marker of prostrate cancer growth rate.

Citrate Microplate Assay Kit is a sensitive assay for determining citrate concentration in various samples. Citrate breaks down into keto acid by citrate lyase. The color intensity, measured at 340 nm, is proportionate to the citrate concentration in the sample.



II.KIT COMPONENTS

Component	Volume	Storage
96-Well Microplate	1 plate	
Assay Buffer	30mlx 4	4 °C
Reaction Buffer	15 ml x 1	4 °C
Enzyme	Powderx 1	-20 °C
Dye Reagent	Powderx 1	4 °C, keep in dark
Standard	Powderx 1	4 °C
Technical Manual	1 Manual	

Note:

Enzyme: add 2 ml Assay bufferto dissolve before use.

Dye Reagent: add 2 ml distilled waterto dissolve before use.

Standard: add 1 ml distilled waterto dissolve before use; then add 50 μ l into 950 μ ldistilled water, the concentration will be 5 mmol/L.

III. MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- 1. Microplate reader to read absorbance at 340 nm
- 2. Distilled water
- 3. Pipettor
- 4. Pipette tips
- 5. Mortar
- 6. Centrifuge
- 7. Timer



IV. SAMPLE PREPARATION

1. For urine, serum or plasma samples

Detect directly, or dilute with Assay Buffer.

2.For tissue samples

Weighout 0.1 g tissue, homogenize with 1 mlAssay buffer on ice, centrifuged at 10000g 4°C for 10 minutes, take the supernatant into a new centrifuge tube for detection.



V. ASSAY PROCEDURE

Add following reagents in the microplate:

Reagent	Sample	Standard	Blank
Sample	10μΙ		
Standard		10μΙ	
Distilled water			10μΙ
Reaction Buffer	150 μΙ	150 μΙ	150 μΙ
Enzyme	20 μΙ	20 μΙ	20 μΙ
Dye Reagent	20μΙ	20μΙ	20μΙ

Mix, incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes, measured at 340 nm and record the absorbance.



VI. CALCULATION

1. According to the volume of sample

Citrate (
$$\mu$$
mol/ml) =(C_{Standard}×V_{Sample}) ×(OD_{Sample}-OD_{Blank}) /(OD_{Standard} -OD_{Blank}) / V_{Standard} = 5×(OD_{Sample} -OD_{Blank}) / (OD_{Standard} -OD_{Blank})

2. According to the weight of sample

Citrate (
$$\mu$$
mol/g) =(C_{Standard}×V_{Sample})×(OD_{Sample} -OD_{Blank}) / (OD_{Standard} -OD_{Blank})/(W × V_{Sample} / V_{Assay})

=
$$5\times(OD_{Sample} - OD_{Blank}) / (OD_{Standard} - OD_{Blank}) / W$$

3. According to the protein concentration of sample

Citrate (
$$\mu$$
mol/mg) =(C_{Standard}×V_{Sample})×(OD_{Sample} -OD_{Blank}) / (OD_{Standard} -OD_{Blank})
/(V_{Sample}×C_{Protein})
= 5×(OD_{Sample} -OD_{Blank}) / (OD_{Standard} -OD_{Blank})/ C_{Protein}

C_{Protein}: the protein concentration, mg/ml;

 $C_{Standard}$: the standard concentration, 5 mmol/L = 5 μ mol/ml;

W: the weight of sample, g;

V_{Sample}: the volume of sample, 0.01 ml;

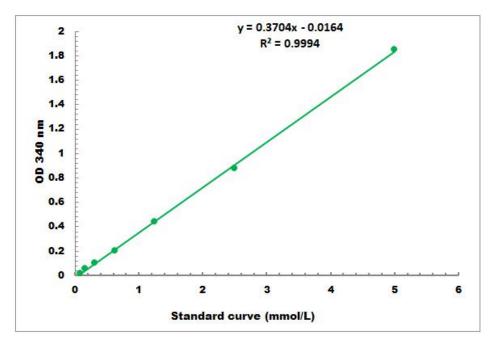
V_{Standard}: the volume of sample, 0.01 ml;

V_{Assay}: the volume of Assay buffer, 1 ml.



VII. TYPICAL DATA

The standard curve is for demonstration only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.



Detection Range: 0.05 mmol/L - 5mmol/L

VIII. TECHNICAL SUPPORT

For troubleshooting, information or assistance, please go online to www.sabbiotech.cn or contact us at techcn@signalwayantibody.com

IX. NOTES