MOB1A (Phospho-Tyr26) Antibody

Catalog No: #12878

Package Size: #12878-1 50ul #12878-2 100ul



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

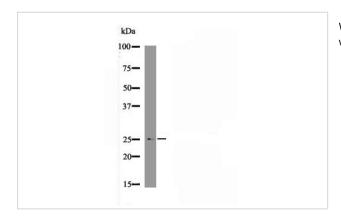
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Description		
Product Name	MOB1A (Phospho-Tyr26) Antibody	
Host Species	Rabbit	
Clonality	Polyclonal	
Applications	WB	
Species Reactivity	Hu Ms Rt	
Specificity	Phospho-MOB1A (Y26) Antibody detects endogenous levels of MOB1A only when phosphorylated at Y26	
Immunogen Type	Peptide-KLH	
Immunogen Description	A synthesized peptide derived from human MOB1A (Phospho-Tyr26)	
Other Names	MATS 2 antibody	
	MATS2 antibody	
	MGC33910 antibody	
	Mob 1A antibody	
	Mob 1B antibody	
	MOB 4A antibody	
	MOB kinase activator 1B antibody	
	Mob1 homolog 1A antibody	
	MOB1 Mps One Binder homolog B antibody	
	MOB1 Mps one binder kinase activator like 1A antibody	
	Mob1A antibody	
	Mob1B antibody	
	MOBKL 1A antibody	
	MOBKL1A antibody	
	MOL1A_HUMAN antibody	
	Mps one binder kinase activator like 1A antibody	
	Mps one binder kinase activator-like 1A antibody	
	Protein Mob4A antibody	
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#:Q7L9L4 NCBI Gene ID92597	
Calculated MW	25	
Concentration	1.0mg mL	
Formulation	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+) pH 7.4 150mM NaCl 0.02% sodium azid	
	and 50% glycerol.	
Storage	Store at -20°C	

Application Details

WB dilution:1:1000

Images



Western blot analysis MOB1A (Phospho-Tyr26) using A431 whole cell lysates

Product Description

MOB1 was first identified in yeast as a protein that binds to Mps with essential roles in the completion of mitosis and the maintenance of ploidy (1). Its Drosophila and mammalian homologs, Mats and MOB1, respectively, are involved in the Hippo signaling tumor suppressor pathway, which plays a critical role in organ size regulation and has been implicated in cancer development (2-5). There are two MOB1 proteins in humans, MOB1 α and MOB1 β , that are encoded by two different genes but have 96.3% identity (6). Both forms bind to members of the nuclear Dbf2-related (NDR) kinases, such as LATS1 and 2 and NDR1 and 2, thereby stimulating kinase activity (7-9). This binding is promoted by the phosphorylation of MOB1 at several threonine residues by MST1 and, or MST2 (5,10).

Phosphorylation at Thr12 by MST1,2 stabilizes MOB1, enhancing its binding and regulation of LATS1 (5). The resultant increase in LATS1 kinase activity promotes inhibitory phosphorylation of the transcriptional co-activators YAP and TAZ (11,12), leading to changes in the expression of genes involved in cell cycle progression (13).

Published Papers

el at., A Platform of Synthetic Lethal Gene Interaction Networks Reveals that the GNAQ Uveal Melanoma Oncogene Controls the Hippo Pathway through FAK. In Cancer Cell on 2019 Mar 18 by Feng X, Arang N, et al.. PMID:30773340, , (2019)

PMID:30773340

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.