## Recombinant Rat Beta-defensin 4

Catalog No: #AP60265

Package Size: #AP60265-1 5ug #AP60265-2 100ug #AP60265-3 500ug

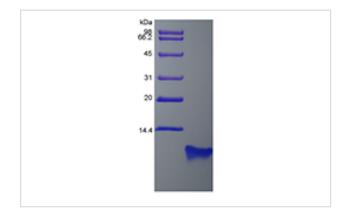


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| Product Name    | Recombinant Rat Beta-defensin 4   |  |
|-----------------|---|--|
| Host Species    | Escherichia coli.   |  |
| Purification    | > 95 % by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.   |  |
| Other Names     | Defensin beta4  |  |
| Calculated MW   | Approximately 4.4 kDa, a single non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 41 amino acids. |  |
| Target Sequence | QSINNPITCL TKGGVCWGPC TGGFRQIGTC GLPRVRCCKK K   |  |
| Formulation     | Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered concentrated solution in 10 mM PB, pH 7.4, 500 mM NaCl.    |  |
| Storage         | Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.                           |  |
|                 | - A minimum of 12 months from date of receipt, when stored at ≤-20 °C as supplied.            |  |
|                 | - 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.                           |  |
|                 | - 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.                      |  |

## **Images**



## Background

Defensins (alpha and beta) are cationic peptides with antimicrobial activity against Gram-negative and Gram-positive bacteria, fungi, and enveloped viruses. They are 2-6 kDa proteins and take important roles in innate immune system. On the basis of their size and pattern of disulfide bonding, mammalian defensins are classified into alpha, beta and theta categories.  $\varepsilon^{\circ}$ Y-Defensins are expressed on some leukocytes and at epithelial surfaces. They contain a six-cysteine motif that forms three intra-molecular disulfide bonds. Because  $\varepsilon^{\circ}$ Y-defensins are cationic peptides, they can therefore interact with the membrane of invading microbes, which are negative due to lipopolysaccharides (LPS) and lipoteichoic acid (LTA) found in the cell membrane. Especially, they have higher affinity to the binding site compared to Ca2+ and Mg2+ ions. Furthermore, they can affect the stability of the membrane. Additionally, they are not only have the ability to strengthen the innate immune system but can also enhance the adaptive immune system by chemotaxis of monocytes, T-lymphocytes, dendritic cells and mast cells to the infection site.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.