

Chk2 (Phospho-Thr383) Antibody

Catalog No: #11683

Package Size: #11683-1 50ul #11683-2 100ul

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.comSupport: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

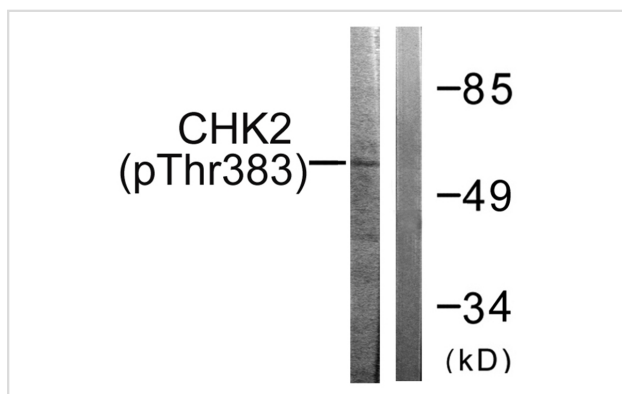
Product Name	Chk2 (Phospho-Thr383) Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Purification	Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits with synthetic phosphopeptide and KLH conjugates. Antibodies were purified by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. Non-phospho specific antibodies were removed by chromatography using non-phosphopeptide.
Applications	WB IF
Species Reactivity	Hu Ms Rt
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous levels of Chk2 only when phosphorylated at threonine 383.
Immunogen Type	Peptide-KLH
Immunogen Description	Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of threonine383 (M-R-T(p)-L-C) derived from Human Chk1.
Target Name	Chk2
Modification	Phospho
Other Names	CHEK2; CHK2; Cds1; Chk2; RAD53
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#: O96017; NCBI Gene#: 11200; NCBI Protein#: NP_009125.1.
SDS-PAGE MW	60kd
Concentration	1.0mg/ml
Formulation	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg ²⁺ and Ca ²⁺), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Storage	Store at -20°C/1 year

Application Details

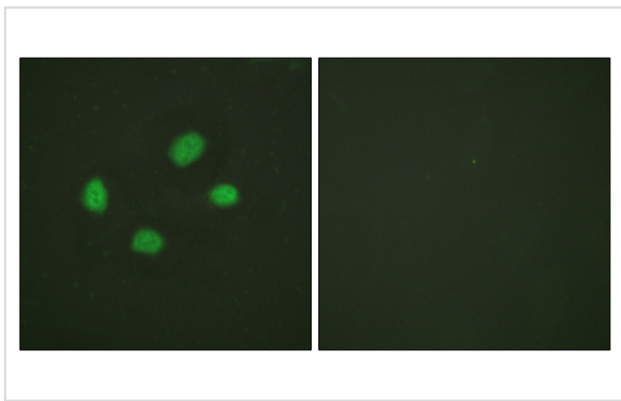
Western blotting: 1:500~1:1000

Immunofluorescence: 1:100~1:200

Images



Western blot analysis of extracts from COS7 cells treated with UV using Chk2 (Phospho-Thr383) Antibody #11683. The lane on the right is treated with the antigen-specific peptide.



Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells using Chk2 (Phospho-Thr383) Antibody #11683.

Background

In response to DNA damage and replication blocks, cell cycle progression is halted through the control of critical cell cycle regulators. The protein encoded by Chk2 gene is a cell cycle checkpoint regulator and putative tumor suppressor. It contains a forkhead-associated protein interaction domain essential for activation in response to DNA damage and is rapidly phosphorylated in response to replication blocks and DNA damage. When activated, the encoded protein is known to inhibit CDC25C phosphatase, preventing entry into mitosis, and has been shown to stabilize the tumor suppressor protein p53, leading to cell cycle arrest in G1. In addition, this protein interacts with and phosphorylates BRCA1, allowing BRCA1 to restore survival after DNA damage. Mutations in this gene have been linked with Li-Fraumeni syndrome, a highly penetrant familial cancer phenotype usually associated with inherited mutations in TP53. Also, mutations in this gene are thought to confer a predisposition to sarcomas, breast cancer, and brain tumors. This nuclear protein is a member of the CDS1 subfamily of serine/threonine protein kinases. Three transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

Shannon L. Gibson, *Cancer Res.*, Dec 2005; 65: 10734 - 10741.

Jinwoo Ahn, *J. Biol. Chem.*, Dec 2002; 277: 48418 - 48426.

Nabil H. Chehab, *Genes & Dev.*, Feb 2000; 14: 278.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.