KLF7 Antibody

Catalog No: #35793

Package Size: #35793-1 50ul #35793-2 100ul



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

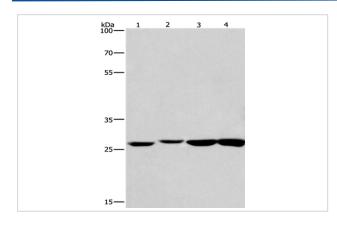
| Product Name | KLF7 Antibody |
|-----------------------|---|
| Host Species | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Purification | Antigen affinity purification. |
| Applications | WB,ELISA |
| Species Reactivity | Hu Ms |
| Specificity | The antibody detects endogenous levels of total KLF7 protein. |
| Immunogen Type | Recombinant Protein |
| Immunogen Description | Full length fusion protein |
| Target Name | KLF7 |
| Other Names | UKLF |
| Accession No. | Swiss-Prot#: O75840NCBI Gene ID: 8609Gene Accssion: BC012919 |
| SDS-PAGE MW | 33kd |
| Concentration | 2.9mg/ml |
| Formulation | Rabbit IgG in pH7.3 PBS, 0.05% NaN3, 50% Glycerol. |
| Storage | Store at -20°C |

Application Details

Western blotting: 1:500-1:2000

Immunohistochemistry: 1:50-1:200

Images

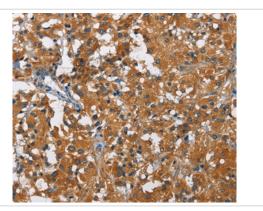


Gel: 8%SDS-PAGE

Lysates (from left to right): Humna colon cancer and mouse kidney tissue, mouse testis and human fetal brain tissue

Amount of lysate: 40ug per lane Primary antibody: 1/483.3 dilution Secondary antibody dilution: 1/8000

Exposure time: 20 seconds



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using #35793 at dilution 1/60.

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the Kruppel-like transcriptional regulator family. Members in this family regulate cell proliferation, differentiation and survival and contain three C2H2 zinc fingers at the C-terminus that mediate binding to GC-rich sites. This protein may contribute to the progression of type 2 diabetes by inhibiting insulin expression and secretion in pancreatic beta-cells and by deregulating adipocytokine secretion in adipocytes. A pseudogene of this gene is located on the long arm of chromosome 3. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.