Jak3 (Phospho-Tyr980 + Tyr981) Antibody Cy3 Conjugated

Catalog No: #C04547Cy3



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

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Product Name	Jak3 (Phospho-Tyr980 + Tyr981) Antibody Cy3 Conjugated
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Purified by Protein A.
Applications	IF(IHC-P)
Species Reactivity	Hu Ms Rt
Immunogen Description	KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide aa 971-990 1124 derived from human Jak3 around the
	phosphorylation site of Tyr980 981
Conjugates	Cy3
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Target Name	Jak3 Tyr980 + Tyr981
Target Name Other Names	Jak3 Tyr980 + Tyr981 JAKL; LJAK; JAK-3; L-JAK; JAK3_HUMAN; Tyrosine-protein kinase JAK3; Janus kinase 3; Leukocyte janus
	JAKL; LJAK; JAK-3; L-JAK; JAK3_HUMAN; Tyrosine-protein kinase JAK3; Janus kinase 3; Leukocyte janus
Other Names	JAKL; LJAK; JAK-3; L-JAK; JAK3_HUMAN; Tyrosine-protein kinase JAK3; Janus kinase 3; Leukocyte janus kinase; JAK3
Other Names Accession No.	JAKL; LJAK; JAK-3; L-JAK; JAK3_HUMAN; Tyrosine-protein kinase JAK3; Janus kinase 3; Leukocyte janus kinase; JAK3 Swiss-Prot#:P52333NCBI Gene ID:3718
Other Names Accession No. Cell Localization	JAKL; LJAK; JAK-3; L-JAK; JAK3_HUMAN; Tyrosine-protein kinase JAK3; Janus kinase 3; Leukocyte janus kinase; JAK3 Swiss-Prot#:P52333NCBI Gene ID:3718 Cytoplasm, Cell membrane
Other Names Accession No. Cell Localization Concentration	JAKL; LJAK; JAK-3; L-JAK; JAK3_HUMAN; Tyrosine-protein kinase JAK3; Janus kinase 3; Leukocyte janus kinase; JAK3 Swiss-Prot#:P52333NCBI Gene ID:3718 Cytoplasm, Cell membrane 1mg ml

Application Details

IF:1:50-200

Background

Non-receptor tyrosine kinase involved in various processes such as cell growth, development, or differentiation. Mediates essential signaling events in both innate and adaptive immunity and plays a crucial role in hematopoiesis during T-cells development. In the cytoplasm, plays a pivotal role in signal transduction via its association with type I receptors sharing the common subunit gamma such as IL2R, IL4R, IL7R, IL9R, IL15R and IL21R. Following ligand binding to cell surface receptors, phosphorylates specific tyrosine residues on the cytoplasmic tails of the receptor, creating docking sites for STATs proteins. Subsequently, phosphorylates the STATs proteins once they are recruited to the receptor. Phosphorylated STATs then form homodimer or heterodimers and translocate to the nucleus to activate gene transcription. For example, upon IL2R activation by IL2, JAK1 and JAK3 molecules bind to IL2R beta (IL2RB) and gamma chain (IL2RG) subunits inducing the tyrosine phosphorylation of both receptor subunits on their cytoplasmic domain. Then, STAT5A AND STAT5B are recruited, phosphorylated and activated by JAK1 and JAK3. Once activated, dimerized STAT5 translocates to the nucleus and promotes the transcription of specific target genes in a cytokine-specific fashion.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.